



武吉知马简史

在英国人来到之前，武吉知马是一片原始的树林。

他们来了之后，带来了文明与发展，
建的道路和铁路横跨树林，影响了它的生态环境。

从前，老虎常在武吉知马树林出没。

1800年中至1800年末，常传出老虎攻击人事件，于是开始了猎虎行动。

大约在1890的时候，最后一只老虎被打死了。

武吉知马现在是个被高级住宅区环绕着的自然保护区。

2011年，横跨武吉知马树林的火车终于也走到了轨道的尽头。

武吉知马猿人

江湖传说，1805年，

一位马来籍老人看见了一只双足立地，半人、半猴的生物。

武吉知马猿人的传说就这样传开了。

之后，它的踪迹屡传被发现，最近一次是在2007年！





A Brief History of Bukit Timah

Before the arrival of the British in 1819, Bukit Timah Forest was a relatively untouched forest, where tigers roamed free. When the British arrived, they brought with them development. Roads, followed by railways cut through the forest. The forest was cleared to make way for roads and then trains. Lives in the forest were greatly disturbed.

In the second half of the 19th century, many incidents of tiger attacks were reported, and the hunt for tigers began. Sometime in the 1890s, the last tiger was killed.

Bukit Timah is now a nature reserve surrounded by private properties, and is considered a prime residential district.

In 2011, the Bukit Timah Railway Station saw the last train that would ever pass its way.



The Bukit Timah Monkey Man

Urban legend has it that the Bukit Timah Monkey Man (a bi-pedal, half-man-half-monkey being) was spotted by an old Malay man in 1805. Subsequent sightings were reported, with the latest in 2007!

